

Institutional Effectiveness Report

2011 - 2012

June 1, 2012

Research & Planning Glendale Community College 1500 North Verdugo Road Glendale, California 91208 (818) 240-1000 extension 5392 http://www.glendale.edu

Introduction

Summary of Report

This report is Glendale Community College's first annual Institutional Effectiveness Report. Its purpose is to provide the college and the community with measures of effectiveness at the institutional level. Most of the measures reported here are also reported in other publications such as the Campus Profile, but this report represents a brief, focused presentation of collegewide indicators.

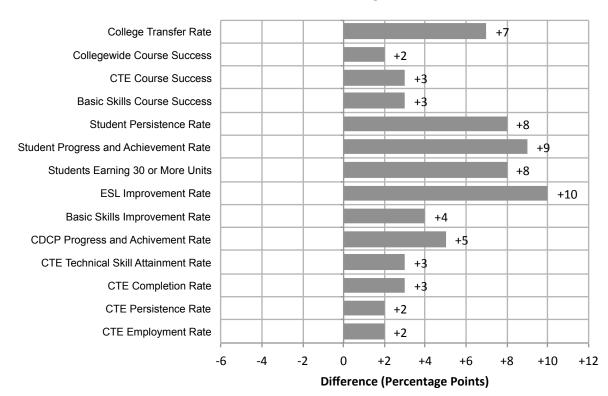
The indicators in this report are in divided into four categories. Transfer and Awards indicators are measures that show the college's effectiveness at meeting its transfer, degree, and certificate missions. Student Progress indicators are measures that show student and course success rates. CTE indicators are measures that show success in career and technical education. Core Competencies are institutional student learning outcomes.

Analysis

For all but one of the institutional indicators in this report for which statewide comparison data were available, GCC's rates equaled or exceeded the statewide average by at least two percentage points.

For many indicators, GCC's rate was substantially higher than the statewide average. The graph below shows differences between GCC's rate and the state average for all of the indicators in this report for which comparison data are available.

Difference Between GCC and State Average for Most Recent Data



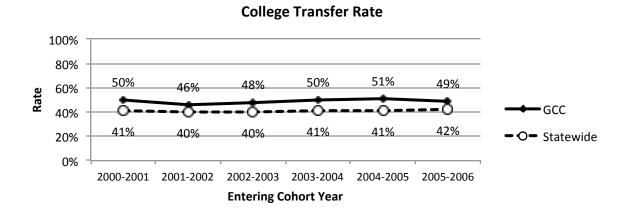
The table below compares GCC rates with statewide rates for each indicator.

			Difference (Percentage
Indicator	GCC Rate	Statewide Rate	Points)
College Transfer Rate	49%	42%	+7
Collegewide Course Success	71%	69%	+2
CTE Course Success	78%	75%	+3
Basic Skills Course Success	64%	61%	+3
Student Persistence Rate	76%	68%	+8
Student Progress and Achievement Rate	62%	53%	+9
Students Earning 30 or More Units	80%	72%	+8
ESL Improvement Rate	61%	51%	+10
Basic Skills Improvement Rate	60%	56%	+4
CDCP Progress and Achivement Rate	12%	7%	+5
CTE Technical Skill Attainment Rate	93%	90%	+3
CTE Completion Rate	85%	82%	+3
CTE Persistence Rate	88%	86%	+2
CTE Employment Rate	76%	74%	+2

The indicators dealing with student progress (transfer rate, persistence rate, progress and achievement, etc.) show the largest differences between GCC and the statewide average. Success rates in courses and programs and CTE outcomes are also above state averages, but the differences are not as great as for student progress measures.

Section 1. Transfer and Awards Indicators

Indicator 1.1. College Transfer Rate



Definition

Transfer rate is calculated by the California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office. Students are tracked from entry at a community college to determine whether they show a behavioral intent to transfer by completing 12 units and attempting transfer-level math or English within six years of entry. The transfer rate is the percentage of these students who actually transferred to a four-year institution within six years of entering a community college.

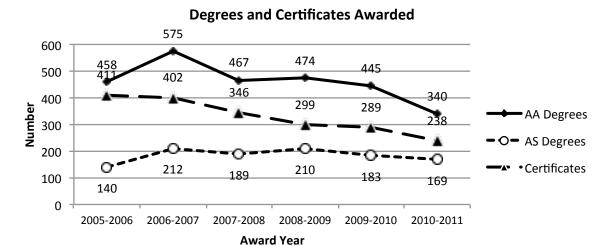
Analysis

Glendale Community College's transfer rate is historically at or near 50%, compared to a statewide average of about 40%. GCC's transfer rate is thus about 10 percentage points above the statewide average.

For the most recent data available, tracking the 2005-2006 entering cohort, GCC's transfer rate was among the highest in its geographical region of 14 colleges. GCC's rate of 49% was close to that of Santa Monica College (52%), Pasadena City College (49%), and Pierce College (50%). GCC ranked nineteenth in California out of 109 colleges for which data were available.

By this direct measure of transfer rate, which focuses on students found to have a behavioral intent to transfer, Glendale Community College's performance is excellent.

Indicator 1.2. Degrees and Certificates Awarded



Definition

The graph shows the number of degrees and certificates awarded during each academic year.

Analysis

AA degrees increased for several years to a high point in 2006-2007. The number of AA degrees awarded after that declined by about 40%. The decline coincided with the elimination of the General Education Transfer Studies AA degree, which was the most frequently awarded AA degree. The number of certificates awarded has also declined since 2006-2007, while the number of AS degrees awarded has been fairly stable.

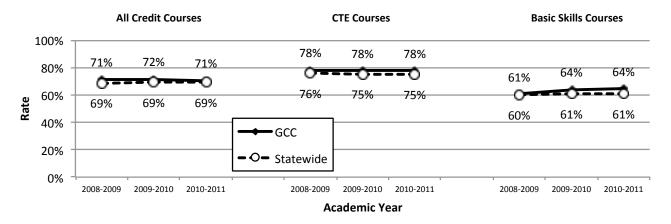
The average number of AA degrees awarded by California community colleges is about 515, which is higher than the number awarded by GCC. The average number of AS degrees awarded per college statewide is 216, also higher than the number awarded by GCC. Similarly, the average number of credit certificates awarded statewide is about 403, higher than the number awarded by GCC. When awards are weighted by credit FTES, GCC awards fewer degrees and certificates per FTES than the statewide average. The statewide averages are about 0.05 AA degrees per credit FTES, 0.02 AS degrees per credit FTES, and 0.04 certificates per credit FTES. GCC's numbers are 0.03 AA degrees per credit FTES, 0.01 AS degrees per credit FTES, and 0.02 certificates per credit FTES.

The new transfer AA degrees required by Senate Bill 1440 will probably affect the number of AA degrees awarded in the future. These AA degrees have been approved for a small number of majors, but the number of available degrees will increase in the coming years.

Section 2. Student Progress Indicators

Indicator 2.1. Course Success Rate

Course Success Rate



Definition

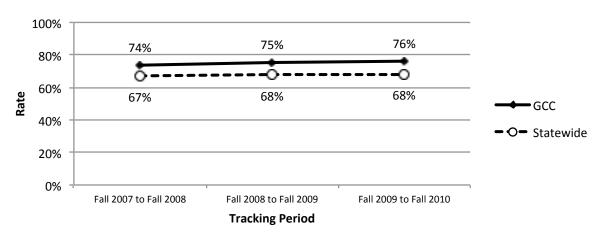
Course success rate is the percentage of credit enrollments resulting in a grade of A, B, C, or Pass. Success in CTE courses and in basic skills courses is reported in the statewide ARCC (Accountability Reporting for the Community Colleges) report.

Analysis

GCC's success rates are at or above the statewide average for all credit courses, CTE courses, and basic skills courses. Looking at the most recent data available for vocational course success, GCC is well above its ARCC peer group average of 73%. For basic skills course success, GCC is also above its ARCC peer group average of 63%. Course success rates tend to show relatively little variability and only small differences between colleges.

Indicator 2.2. Persistence Rate





Definition

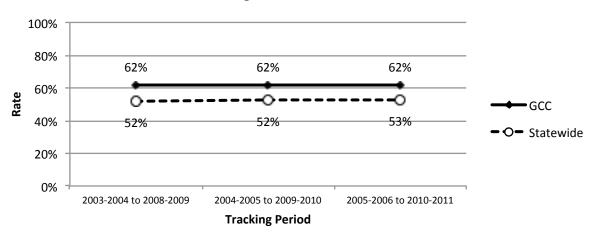
Persistence rate is the percentage of first-time students with a minimum of six units earned in a Fall semester who enrolled in the subsequent Fall semester at any California community college. Persistence is an ARCC indicator reported by the Chancellor's Office of the California Community Colleges.

Analysis

GCC's Fall-to-Fall persistence rate is substantially higher than the statewide average. The difference is approximately 8 percentage points. GCC's persistence rate is also higher than its ARCC peer group average of 72%. This measure indicates that one of GCC's strengths is student persistence.

Indicator 2.3. Student Progress and Achievement Rate

Student Progress and Achievement Rate



Definition

Student Progress and Achievement Rate is an ARCC indicator that measures the percentage of first-time students showing intent to complete who transferred to a four-year institution, completed a degree or certificate, became transfer directed, or became transfer prepared within six years.

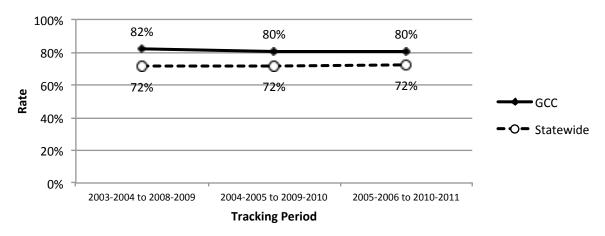
Analysis

GCC's Student Progress and Achievement Rate is well above the statewide average for community colleges. The difference is approximately 9 percentage points. For the most recent ARCC data available, GCC ranked 15 out of 109 community colleges reporting data on this measure. GCC's rate is also well above its ARCC peer group average of 57%.

This measure, sometimes called SPAR, is a general measure of student success because it includes multiple outcomes. GCC's high performance on this measure indicates that the college's student outcomes are excellent, well above the statewide average.

Indicator 2.4. Students Earning 30 Units or More

Students Earning 30 Units or More



Definition

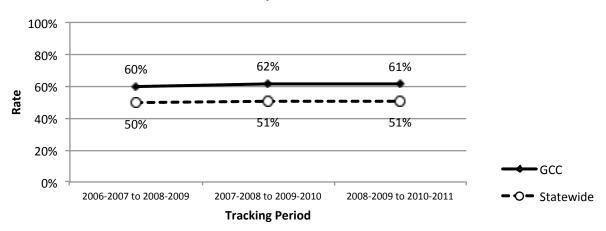
Indicator 2.4 is an ARCC indicator that measures the percentage of first-time students showing intent to complete who earned at least 30 units in the California Community College system within 6 years.

Analysis

GCC is consistently above the statewide average for this indicator. For the most recent ARCC data reported in 2012, GCC ranked sixth out of 109 colleges providing data. Taken with the student persistence ARCC indicator and the student progress and achievement ARCC indicator, this indicator clearly shows that GCC does an excellent job supporting students so that they persist and achieve their educational goals.

Indicator 2.5. ESL Improvement Rate

ESL Improvement Rate



Definition

ESL improvement rate is an ARCC indicator that measures the percentage of students passing a credit English as a Second Language course designated as two or more levels below transfer level who passed a higher-level ESL or English course within three years.

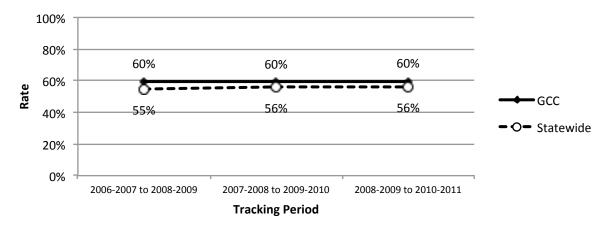
Analysis

GCC is consistently above the statewide average for ESL improvement rate. This indicates that GCC's ESL students are more successful at continuing and moving through the sequence than students at the average community college.

GCC's ESL improvement rate is also considerably higher than the ESL improvement rate of its peer group, defined by the Chancellor's Office for the ARCC project. For the most recent data available, GCC's ESL improvement rate is 61% and the peer group average is 51%, a difference of 10 percentage points. The progress of ESL students is one of GCC's strengths.

Indicator 2.6. Basic Skills Improvement Rate

Basic Skills Improvement Rate



Definition

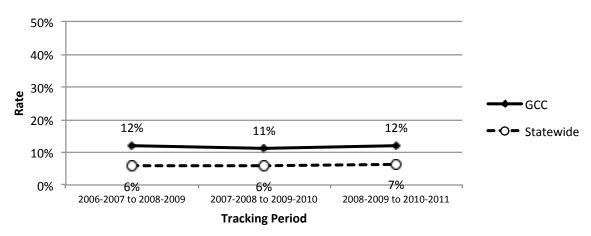
Basic skills improvement rate is an ARCC indicator that measures the percentage of students passing a credit basic skills math or English course designated as two or more levels below transfer level who passed a higher-level course in the same discipline within three years.

Analysis

GCC is above the statewide average for basic skills improvement rate by about 4 percentage points. GCC is above its ARCC peer group average by about 7 percentage points (60% for GCC and 53% for the peer group). Student progress in basic skills is stronger than at the average California community college.

Indicator 2.7. Career Development and College Preparation Progress and Achievement Rate

CDCP Progress & Achievement Rate



Definition

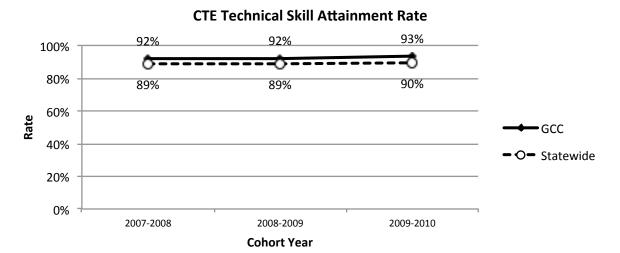
CDCP Progress and Achievement Rate reports on the progress of students enrolling in noncredit CDCP (Career Development and College Preparation) courses, also known as courses with enhanced noncredit funding. The measure is the percentage of first-time students completing at least 8 hours of CDCP courses who, within three years of entry, passed one degree-applicable credit course (excluding PE), or earned a CDCP certificate, or achieved transfer directed status by passing both transfer-level English and mathematics courses, or achieved transfer prepared status by completing at least 60 transferable units with a GPA of 2.0 or higher, or earned an associate degree or credit certificate, or transferred to a four-year institution. No state-defined peer groups were created for this measure.

Analysis

CDCP progress has been low historically and has not shown marked improvement over the years. Although GCC's rate is higher than the average of the 41 California community colleges reporting CDCP data, the number itself (12%) is not high. Improved accuracy in tracking, brought about in part by GCC's implementation of PeopleSoft and its single student ID number for noncredit and credit coursework, might improve both the accuracy and the value of the CDCP progress and achievement rate for GCC.

Section 3. Career and Technical Education (CTE) Indicators

Indicator 3.1. CTE Technical Skill Attainment Rate



Definition

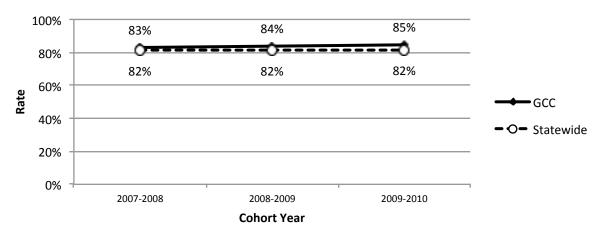
Technical skill attainment rate is a Perkins core indicator that measures the percentage of CTE concentrators who have a GPA of 2.0 or higher in CTE courses above the introductory level. CTE concentrators are students completing at least 12 units in a TOP code area with at least one course having a SAM code of A, B, or C (indicating that the course is occupational) within three years, plus students earning a vocational degree or certificate in the TOP code area.

Analysis

GCC's technical skill attainment rate, as defined by the state, is consistently above the statewide average. This result shows that students tend to succeed in GCC's career and technical education courses, to an extent higher than the average at California community colleges.

Indicator 3.2. CTE Completion Rate

CTE Completion Rate



Definition

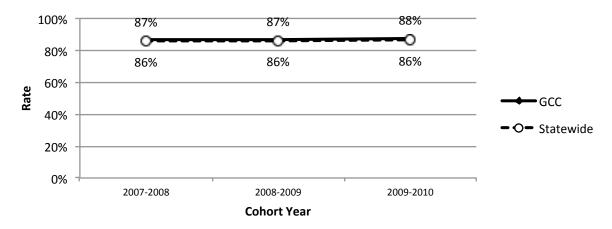
Completion rate is a Perkins core indicator that measures the percentage of CTE leavers and completers who earned a degree or certificate, or who became transfer-prepared. CTE leavers and completers are CTE concentrators who earned a degree or certificate or became transfer-prepared during the cohort year, plus students not enrolled anywhere in the California community college system after the cohort year (but who did not previously earn a degree or certificate). CTE concentrators are students completing at least 12 units in a TOP code area with at least one course having a SAM code of A, B, or C (indicating that the course is occupational) within three years, plus students earning a vocational degree or certificate in the TOP code area.

Analysis

GCC's CTE completion rate is consistently at or above the statewide average. GCC's career and technical education students complete at a rate somewhat higher than the average for the California community colleges.

Indicator 3.3. CTE Persistence and Transfer Rate

CTE Persistence and Transfer Rate



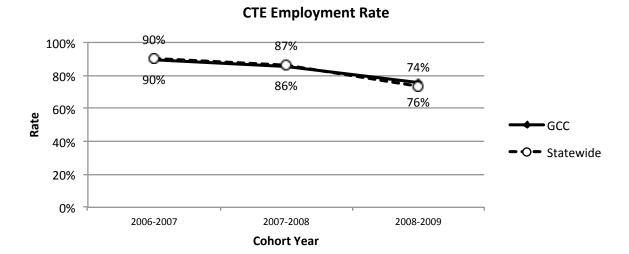
Definition

Persistence and transfer rate is a Perkins core indicator that measures the percentage of CTE concentrators who persisted in the community college system or transferred to another 2-year or 4-year institution. CTE concentrators are students completing at least 12 units in a TOP code area with at least one course having a SAM code of A, B, or C (indicating that the course is occupational) within three years, plus students earning a vocational degree or certificate in the TOP code area.

Analysis

GCC's persistence and transfer rate is consistently at or above the statewide average. This measure is close to the state average for GCC, indicating that persistence and transfer are not significantly higher for GCC's career and technical education students than they are for the average California community college.

Indicator 3.4. CTE Employment Rate



Definition

Employment rate is the percentage of CTE leavers and completers not continuing at any institution who were employed during at least one of the four quarters following the cohort year. CTE leavers and completers are CTE concentrators who earned a degree or certificate or became transfer-prepared during the cohort year, plus students not enrolled anywhere in the California community college system after the cohort year (but who did not previously earn a degree or certificate). CTE concentrators are students completing at least 12 units in a TOP code area with at least one course having a SAM code of A, B, or C (indicating that the course is occupational) within three years, plus students earning a vocational degree or certificate in the TOP code area.

Analysis

GCC's employment rate is at the statewide average for community colleges. Even with the economic downturn and increasing unemployment, the information provided by the state shows that GCC career and technical students are employed after leaving the college.

Core Competencies

Core competencies are GCC's institution-level student learning outcomes. They define the expected learning outcomes of students completing a degree at Glendale Community College. Core competencies are being assessed through the college's eLumen software. This section lists the seven core competencies adopted by GCC's Academic Senate in 2006. Following the list is a summary of core competencies assessed by term. Future reports will present data on student achievement of the core competencies.

- 1) Communication
 - a) Reading
 - b) Writing
 - c) Listening
 - d) Speaking and/or Conversing and/or Debating
 - e) Interpersonal Interactions

Definition: Learners express themselves clearly and concisely to others in logical, well-organized papers and/or verbal presentations using documentation and quantitative tools when appropriate. Learners listen, understand, debate, and use information communicated by others.

- 2) Mathematical Competency/Quantitative Reasoning
 - a) Interpret and Construct Mathematical Models
 - b) Solve Problems Using Quantitative Models
 - c) Construct Arguments Using Numerical/Statistical Support

Definition: Learners understand, interpret, and manipulate numeric or symbolic information; solve problems by selecting and applying appropriate quantitative methods such as arithmetic, quantitative reasoning, estimation, measurement, probability, statistics, algebra, geometry and trigonometry; and present information and construct arguments with the use of numerical and/or statistical support.

- 3) Information Competency
 - a) Research Strategies
 - b) Information Location/Retrieval
 - c) Evaluation of Information
 - d) Ethical & Legal Use of Information

Definition: Learners recognize the need for information and define a research topic; select, access, and use appropriate sources to obtain relevant data; evaluate sources for reliability and accuracy; and use information in an ethical and legal manner.

- 4) Critical Thinking
 - a) Evaluation
 - b) Analysis and/or Synthesis
 - c) Interpretation and/or Inference
 - d) Problem Solving
 - e) Construct and/or Deconstruct Arguments

Definition: Learners evaluate the credibility and significance of information, effectively interpret, analyze, synthesize explain, and infer concepts and ideas; solve problems and make decisions; and construct and deconstruct arguments.

- 5) Global Awareness and Appreciation:
 - a) Scientific Complexities
 - b) Social and Cultural Diversity
 - c) Artistic Expression and Variety
 - d) Ethical Reasoning
 - e) Environmental Issues
 - f) Politics

Definition: Learners recognize and analyze the interconnectedness of global, national, and local concerns, analyzing cultural, political, social and environmental issues from multiple perspectives; they recognize the interdependence of the global environment and humanity.

- 6) Personal Responsibility
 - a) Self Management
 - b) Self Awareness
 - c) Physical Wellness
 - d) Study Skills

Definition: Learners demonstrate an understanding of the consequences, both positive and negative, of their own actions; set personal, academic and career goals; and seek and utilize the appropriate resources to reach such goals.

- 7) Application of Knowledge
 - a) Computer Skills
 - b) Technical Skills
 - c) Workplace Skills
 - d) Lifelong Learning

Definition: Learners maintain, improve and transfer academic and technical skills to the workplace; demonstrate life-long learning skills by having the ability to acquire and employ new knowledge; and set goals and devise strategies for personal and professional development.

The following table shows the number of courses, sections, and students assessed in the core competencies.

Term/Core Competency	Courses	Course Sections	Assessments	Students Involved in Assessments	Rubrics	Shared Assessments
Fall 2010				20	•	
1. Communication	3	4	4	39	3	3
3. Information Competency	1	2	8	81	1	0
Critical Thinking	11	24	30	1,179	5	1
Fall 2008						
1. Communication	3	3	4	59	4	2
3. Information Competency	1	1	2	29	1	1
4. Critical Thinking	3	3	3	99	2	1
Application of Knowledge	3	3	3	48	3	1
Spring 2008						
Communication Anothematical Competency/	1	1	2	24	2	1
Quantitative Reasoning	1	1	1	55	1	0
3. Information Competency	1	1	1	24	1	1
 Critical Thinking Global Awareness and 	3	3	3	116	1	0
Appreciation	1	1	1	54	1	0
7. Application of Knowledge	1	1	1	55	1	0